

Digital Technologies Learning Matrix Curriculum Level 6 Learning Area Whakataukī:

Kaua e rangiruatia te hāpai o te hoe; e kore tō tātou waka e ū ki uta. Don't paddle out of unison;

our canoe will never reach the shore.

The discipline of Digital Technologies embodies whanaungatanga; outcomes are made by people, for people, within cultural, social, and environmental contexts

Digital outcomes are created for a purpose by following established processes

The discipline of Digital Technologies embodies auahatanga; outcomes solve problems and enhance and expand human possibilities

All digital technologies are underpinned by algorithms and computer science principles

Significant Learning

Big Ideas

At Curriculum Level 6, ākonga will...

- understand how digital technologies impact on end users by considering the following mātāpono Māori: kotahitanga, whanaungatanga, manaakitanga, wairuatanga, kaitiakitanga, and tikanga
- anticipate and find solutions to problems
- demonstrate learner agency and persevere when things fail
- work collaboratively and engage in talanoa, wānanga, and kōrero to share perspectives and values
- recognise that new and innovative solutions to existing problems are developed through kotahitanga, and creative and critical thinking
- use appropriate strategies to manage time and resources for completing a project
- be aware of relevant occupational safety and health practices
- understand that digital technologies and the concepts that underpin them are influenced by the people that create them and the contexts in which they are developed
- understand that digital technologies and the concepts that underpin them have an impact on people, societies, and cultures
- investigate and consider possible digital solutions for authentic contexts or issues
- follow a technological process to design, develop, and document digital outcomes
- apply appropriate tools and use information from testing to improve the quality of digital technologies outcomes
- prioritise user experience in design practise manaakitanga by applying relevant design principles, mātāpono Māori, and usability principles
- use appropriate standards and conventions for digital technologies domains
- evaluate the fitness for purpose of digital technologies outcomes by considering manaakitanga, kaitiakitanga, and the outcomes' social and physical environments
- understand that digital devices can collect, store, and share data, and consider the related ethical issues
- understand how compression enables widely used technologies to function
- understand the nature of computation and apply appropriate reasoning about the behaviour of basic programs
- apply basic computational thinking skills (decomposition, abstraction, pattern recognition, algorithms, logic, and evaluation) to write and debug computer programs
- understand that the cost (or computational complexity) can differ between two iterative algorithms for the same problem size.



