

He mea tārai e mātou te mātauranga kia rangatira ai, kia mana taurite ai ōna huanga.

We shape an education system that delivers equitable and excellent outcomes.







TE MANU KA RERE

Leading the engagement

Responsive webinar 2

Ben Laybourn & Deirdre McCracken



Karakia timatanga

Tau mai te mauri o te wānanga, Ki runga ki ēnei pūkenga, Kia mātāmua ai, ko te ako kounga, a te tamaiti, Ko ia ki mua, ko ia ki muri o ēnei kōrero, Kia puta ai ia, ki te whaiao, ki te ao mārama! Hui e, tāiki e!

Bestow the life force of learning,
Upon these repositories,
So that aspiration of quality learning for our children is paramount,
And remains at the forefront of all of our works,
So that they may flourish and thrive,
For all eternity!

Tikanga mō tēnei hui ā-ipurangi



Webinar protocols

- Please stay on mute
- Please introduce yourself with your name and school in the 'chat'
- Feel free to put questions in the chat as we go
- There is an additional Q&A at the end
- This session is being recorded and will be available online



Ma te huruhuru, te manu ka rere

Adorned with feathers, the bird is able to fly

Ngā kaupapa o te wā



Kaupapa matua

The purpose of the 'leading engagement with NCEA co-requisites' webinar is to support leaders and kaiako to:

- Continue to strengthen their leadership capability to successfully lead kaiako engagement in the acceleration of literacy and numeracy learning across the curriculum and sustain the gains moving forward
- Focus on research-informed best practice to guide leader and kaiako learning
- Plan strategically to enable this

What's the key shift in practice we're trying to lead?

Whakataukī

Mā whero mā pango ka oti ai te mahi

With black and red the work will be done

Key Shifts from NCEA L1 Literacy & Numeracy Standards to the CAAs

Summary Table of Key Shifts

| Aspect | Old NCEA L1 New CAA (Co-requisit | | |
|-----------------|--|---|--|
| Assessment type | Curriculum-embedded | Stand-alone, foundational skills | |
| Marking | Internal, teacher-assessed | Marked using a consistent national process | |
| Content focus | Varied, subject-linked | ct-linked General, everyday and academic | |
| Outcomes | Graded (N/A/M/E) | Outcome recorded as Achieved or Not Achieved Yet | |
| Opportunities | An accumulation of multiple assessments both internally and externally Multiple opportunities May and Second year | | |
| Purpose | Contributes to credit towards NCEA | Assesses foundational skills | |

NCEA May 2025 CAA Results - Key Comparisons with May 2024

Numeracy:

- 57 % of students achieved the standard, up from 45 % in May 2024.
- 68 % of Year 10 students passed (with over 95 % first-time participation).
- 34 % pass rate in lower-decile schools, compared to 19.8 % in May 2024.

Reading:

- 61 % achieved, rising from 58 % in May 2024.
- 72 % of Year 10 students passed (over 95 % first-time participation).
- 41 % pass rate in lower-decile schools, up from 34 % in May 2024.

Writing:

- 55 % achieved across all year levels, stable compared to May 2024.
- 66 % of Year 10 students passed, with 95 % first-time participation.
- 35 % of students in lower-decile schools passed (compared to 34 % in May 2024).

What are your challenges in leading engagement with NCEA co-reqs?

Please take a moment to write your challenges in the chat.



You are leading improvement!



Improvement of:

- leadership effectiveness
- use of assessment data to inform practice
- literacy and numeracy instruction
- teaching capability and pedagogical practice
- curriculum understanding and design thinking
- problem-solving capability in educational contexts
- ability to engage in meaningful dialogue important korero about student learning
- cultural capability



Why focus on effective leadership?

Because it accelerates learning by

- creating conditions where evidence-driven, flexible teaching meets diverse learner needs.
- ensures targeted supports and continuous progress monitoring align with curriculum expectations, enabling students to catch up and thrive, regardless of their starting point, through intentional strategies, informed decisions, and a shared commitment to equity and success.

The link to accelerated learning?

Taken from a report prepared for the Ministry of Education

"The concept of accelerated learning in relation to children's oral language, reading, writing, and mathematics refers to advancing the learning of children who [need to build prior knowledge] related to content at their current year level. Accelerated learning is achieved through specific teaching strategies, learning conditions, or scaffolded supports that enable learners to acquire skills more rapidly than they would under 'usual teaching conditions'.... [It] relies heavily on continuous monitoring of student progress against benchmarks and progress indicators, ensuring that the learning process remains aligned with year-level expectations."

(Gillon et al., 2024, Accelerating Learning in Oral Language, Reading, Writing and Mathematics, p. 13)



You are *leading* the strengthening of effective teaching and learning practices that accelerate literacy and numeracy *learning* of a specific cohort of students.

Supporting kaiako readiness

What to teach

Curriculum knowledge

- know the desired literacy and numeracy learning outcomes
- unpack what literacy and numeracy look like in each learning area- disciplinary literacy criteria for success
- understand different text types required for literacy & which your subject might contain
- understand the literacy and numeracy progression
- · develop literacy and numeracy strategies

How to teach it

Pedagogical practices

- use 'assessment for learning' effectively
- notice, recognise and respond to student learning needs
- become assessment literate & use data with your learners
- engage in explicit teaching: Lls, SCs, exemplars and modelling, gradual release of responsibility, self & peer assessment, questioning & feedback
- incorporate the Science of Learning into your planning

Effective teaching practices

Two useful models that include key considerations:

Assessment for Learning
Combined Teacher and Student Capabilities Matrix

Evaluation Associates | Te Huinga Kākākura Mātauranga

High Impact Teaching Strategies

Victoria Institute of Teaching, Australia



| Setting goals | Structured | Explicit teaching | Worked | Collaborative learning |
|-----------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Multiple exposures | Good questions | Effective feedback | Metacognitive strategies | Differentiated learning pathways |

Adapted from: <u>0000highimpactteachstrat.pdf</u> & <u>Using-DETs-HITS-as-a-CRT.pdf</u>

Effective practices to support numeracy

Numeracy - Teaching NCEA

Effective Practices to Support Numeracy.pdf

Effective practices to support literacy

Literacy - Teaching | NCEA

Effective Practices to Support Literacy.pdf

What assumptions might be blocking engagement in your school?

Whakataukī

Ko te kai a te rangatira he kōrero

The food of chiefs is dialogue

What appears to be the reason for kaiako hesitancy or disengagement with the literacy / numeracy conversation?

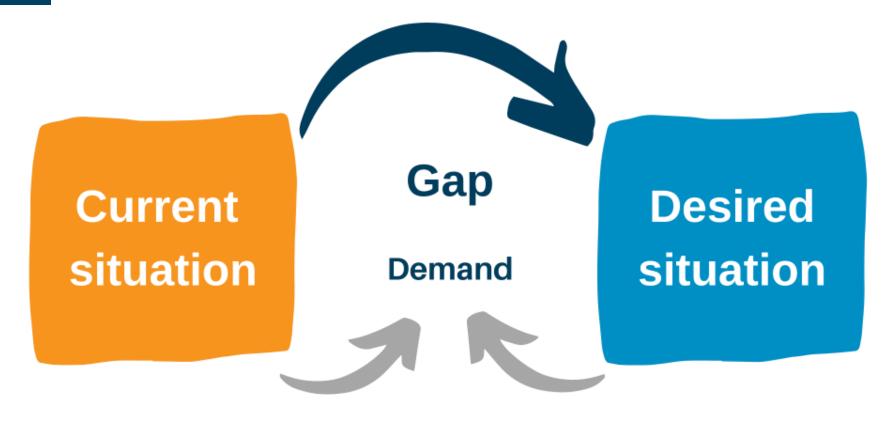
Please take a moment to write your thoughts in the chat.



The problem



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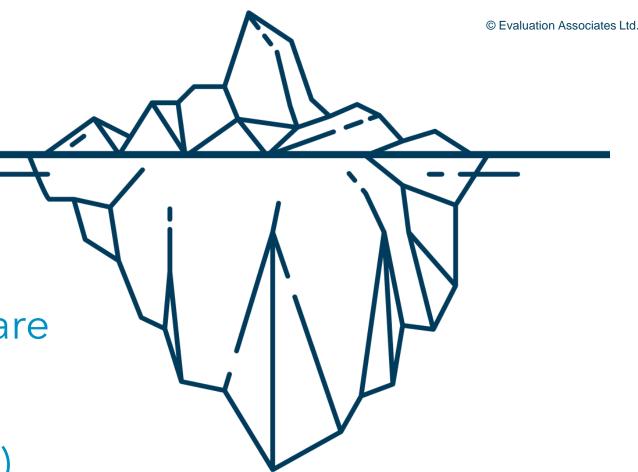
A problem is a gap between the current and the desired situation and the demand to close the gap.



Teachers' observable actions are *visible*

Teachers' mental models are invisible

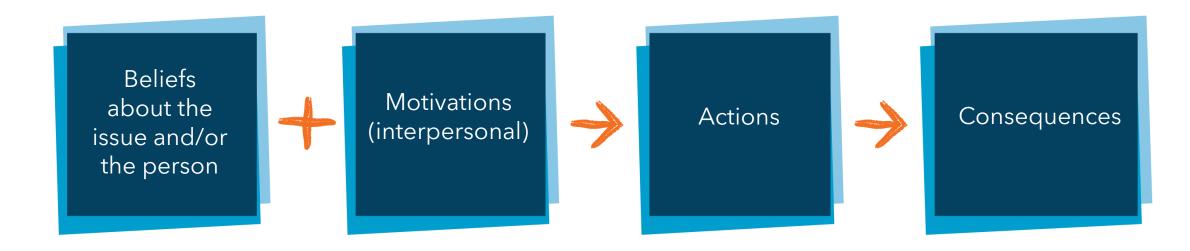
(beliefs and motivations)



Our theories-of-action: how we design our behaviour



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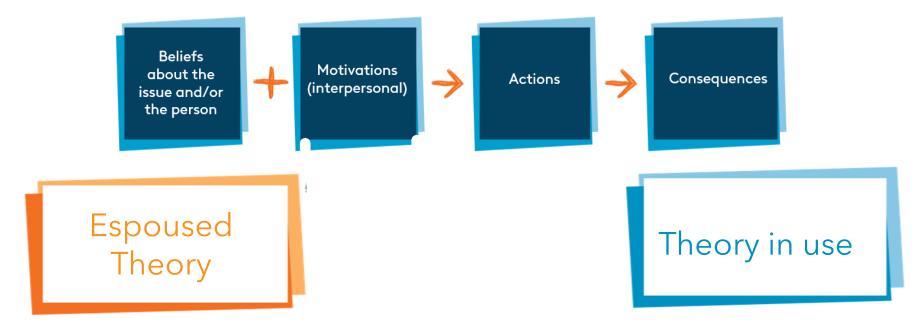
Theories-of-action explain the links between what people do (actions), the beliefs and motivations that explain their actions, and the consequences of those actions, both intended and unintended.



Two types of a theory-of-action



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Talk Theory

The standard I hold.

The theory that describes how I intend to behave *or* how I report I did behave.

Walk Theory

What I do.

The tacit theory that explains how I actually behaved.

Illustrating theory-of-action logic



improvement gap.

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| Beliefs and motivations | Actions | Consequences | |
|---|--|--|--|
| A teacher believes that numeracy is the responsibility of the mathematics teacher. | This means they don't make explicit numeracy evident in their subject. | Students miss out on understanding numeracy in that subject's context. | |
| A DP believes that literacy is part of all learning areas and that it is everyone's responsibility to teach it. | The DP shares their thinking with Heads of Faculty, with reasons, and seeks their views about the role of literacy in their learning area. | The Heads of Faculty begin to explore their views together on the challenge of raising literacy levels as the basis for tackling the | |



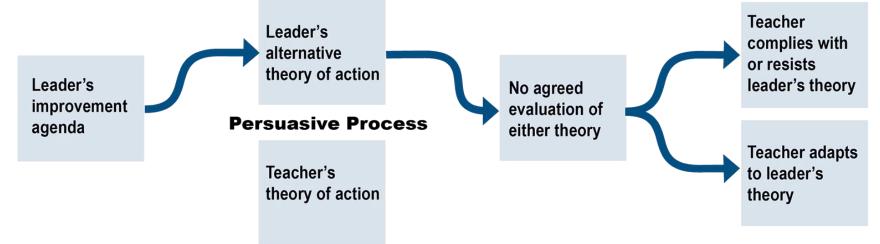
Two approaches to improvement



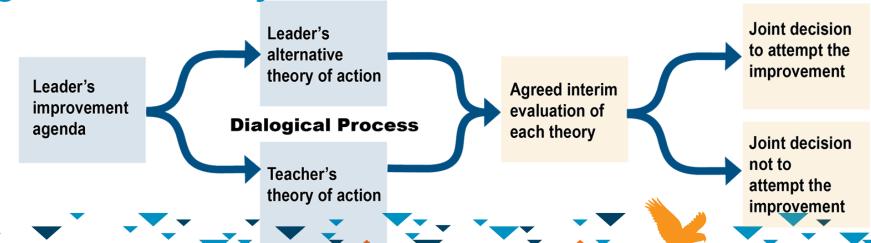


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Engaging teachers' theory of action



A belief that I don't think we believe...

That we are 'all teachers of literacy and numeracy'.

I think the belief that we hold is more something like...



'I am a curriculum learning area expert - I am a teacher of chemistry or art, or history and I increase my student's learning ability in, and access to, my subject by engaging them in literacy and numeracy learning strategies. I am not a literacy or numeracy teacher that is not my specialisation.'

A possible activity

Total time: 20 minutes

Objectives:

- Surface existing beliefs about student engagement in literacy and numeracy across subjects
- Encourage reflection and peer-sharing to challenge or affirm beliefs
- Begin co-constructing strategies aligned with strong pedagogical principles

Part 1: Quick Beliefs Inventory (5 minutes)

- Hand out each teacher a short, written prompt: "Engaging students in reading, writing, and numeracy across the curriculum is most effective when..." followed by 4-6 sentence completions (e.g., "...it's integrated into authentic tasks," "...it uses explicit instruction," "...students choose the texts," etc.).
- Teachers quietly complete their sentences to surface underlying beliefs (drawing on research that beliefs shape practice e.g. effects of teacher expectations on instructional choices EG *Education Counts*).
- Part 2: Think-Share-Compare (7 minutes)
- Part 3: Reflective Dialogue (5 minutes)
- Part 4: Co-construct Action Statements (3 minutes)



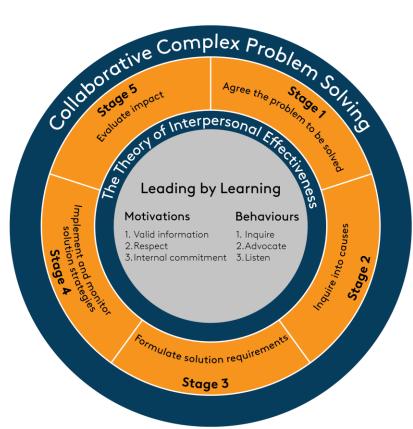
A possible approach to solving problems

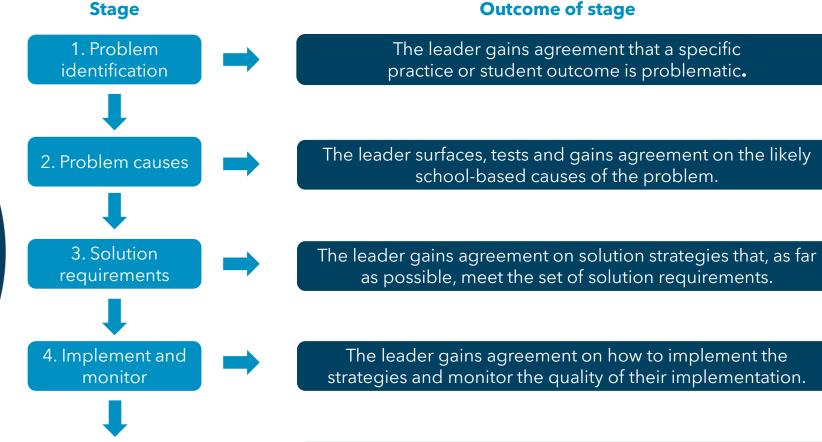
5. Evaluate impact





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The leader gains agreement on how to evaluate the impact of

the solution strategies on student outcomes.

How do I maintain challenge and connection in my leadership moves?

Whakataukī

He aroha whakatō, he aroha ka puta mai

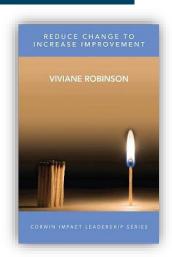
If kindness is sown, then kindness you shall receive

What are the leadership frameworks you use to guide your leadership growth and day to day interactions?

Please take a moment to share your 'go-to's in the chat.

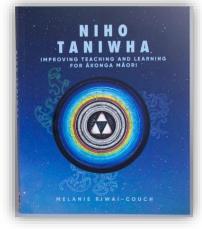


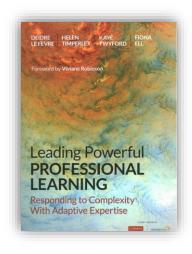
Leadership Capability Research and Frameworks

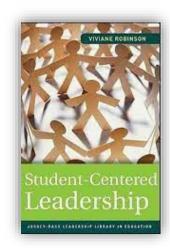


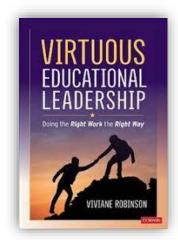






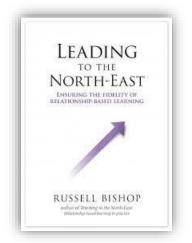












Pedagogical leadership for the Sept CAAs and beyond

| Dimensions | Application to the Sept CAAs and beyond |
|---|--|
| Establishing Goals and Expectations | What is your realistic target? How many students are sitting the CAAs Sept '25 and/or May '26, and how many will be ready based on knowing your learners, understanding the CAA report information, gathering student voice, using PAT or e-asTTle. What might need to be done differently to enable the desired improvement? What is realistic and what is your 'why' for this? What will tell you they are ready? What is your expectation of kaiako classroom practice to support the acceleration of readiness for the ākonga they teach? EG 1x writing, 1x reading and 1x numeracy-rich learning opportunity with a specific strategy per week? What has been discussed and prioritised? |
| Resourcing Strategically | Do the teachers have access to resources, websites, books, activities, reading, writing and numeracy strategies? How might leaders make access easy for all kaiako across the curriculum? Who might model and share their classroom practices as a resource for others? |
| Ensuring Quality Teaching | How do you measure and monitor progress against the school's annual goal - the collective and individual responsibility to accelerate literacy and numeracy capability? What framework of effective teaching practice are you using to guide growth? How might you use short cycles of inquiry? How might you use classroom observations to support kaiako to identify strengths and opportunities? |
| Leading teaching Learning and Development | What opportunities are you creating for kaiako to further develop strategies and position it as important in their practice? How do you engage with their values and beliefs to help them to make the shifts necessary for accelerating learning and readiness? How many hui are focused on building this capability in the coming weeks? |
| Ensuring an orderly and Safe Environment | How might you strengthen your action plan to ensure this is all done in an orderly, coherent manner and everyone feels supported, safe and trusted as the school engages in this focused and deliberate work? |

Relational leadership for kaiako engagement

Key aspects:

Core Belief:

Strong, respectful, and culturally responsive relationships are the foundation for learner success. High expectations must be enacted through these relationships, not imposed on top of them. Leaders create the conditions for relational, agentic teaching and learning to thrive.

Focus on:

- 1. Caring and learning relationships
- 2. High expectations
- 3. Agentic leadership and teaching practices
- 4. Culturally responsive pedagogy
- 5. Dialogic practices
- 6. Pedagogical leadership
- 7. Systemic support and alignment.

Relational leadership equation

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Relational Trust (care + respect + integrity)
+
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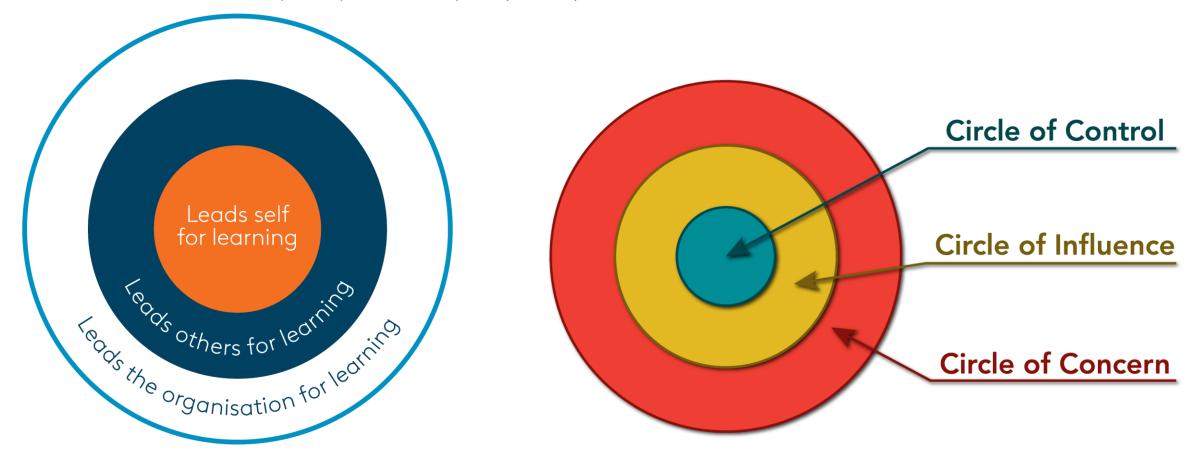
Agentic Practice (belief in impact)

+

High Expectations (challenge + support)

Accelerated Learner Success

The Australian Council for Educational Leaders
Joan Dalton's work with (ACEL) Leadership Capability Framework



Stephen Covey's Circle of Influence

Strengthen your ability to have meaningful dialogue and important korero about student learning

Actions that engender trust

- 1. Tell your truth
- 2. Demonstrate respect
- 3. Show genuine care
- 4. Maintain your integrity
- 5. Be transparent
- 6. Be a learner rectify mistakes

- 7. Show loyalty
- 8. Clarify expectations, goals and agreements
- 9. Practise accountability
- 10. Address the unacceptable
- 11. Keep commitments
- 12. Extend trust

Adapted from Joan Dalton, 2010, *Learning Talk: build the culture* p. 16 & 17. Based on the work of Bryk and Schneider (2002), Covey (2006), Dalton & Anderson (2008)

Three learning-focused values to focus on

Seek valid information

Truth seeking by recognising that beliefs, ideas and feeling are based on particular ways of seeing the world and must be subject to rigorous critique based on evidence



Be Respectful of self and others

Acting with a genuine desire to work with others in a way that gives attention to our own and others' critically examined interests



Create Internal Commitment

Creating a mutual sense of accountability for the choices made, evidenced by following through



Learn to **listen** without judgment to understand your team **before** you **speak** to be understood!

This is because leaders who want to become savvier about change have to practise being nonjudgemental because it does not come naturally

Learn to inquire effectively!

Use an approachable voice, open questions, and assume positive intent with others, to promote and enable whakaaro and korero

Learn to advocate your thinking skilfully!

State your ideas, explain your reasoning using valid information, and test your thinking by inviting critique that promote and enable dialogue about different ideas tabled.

What would a relationally accountable conversation sound like?

Please take a moment to write your thoughts in the *chat*.



A possible activity

Purpose: To increase relational trust and hear different perspectives. Often called 'First Word Last Word' and done with groups of 4 or 5.

- 1. Read the LNSiS review tool. Highlight 3 items (to minimise double ups) on it that you find interesting.
- 2. Number of 1-4
- 3. Teacher 1 reads out one of their items. No added comments. (First word)
- 4. In a round-robin order each teacher makes one succinct comment about it. No cross talk. Listen.
- 5. After each person has commented teacher 1 summarise group thinking, and then shares their thinking
- 6. The pattern repeats until all group members have read their item and had it commented on.
- 7. Group discussion about what you learned about the content and using this process.

Read and use research informed guides, with criteria for success, to what effective school leadership of change looks, sounds and feels like...

This enables:

- you to self-assess to know where you are and where to next,
- a trusted colleague to observe you and engage you in a learning-focused korero about your progress,
- your teaching team to provide feedback as to how they see your leadership against the criteria...

How might you take your team with you?

Whakataukī

He waka eke noa

We are all in this together and we got this!

What are your own experiences of effective change?

Please take a moment to write your positive experiences in the *chat*.



Pātai leaders often ask

1. Where do I start?

- 2. How do I take everyone in the waka with me and paddling in the same direction?
- 3. How do I implement change that is sustainable?

Refer to the agreement...

This is your **strategic plan** and the **annual goal** in place for the acceleration of literacy and numeracy learning and readiness for the NCEA co-req.

It informs kaiako **PGC goals**, **focused PLD** and an invitation to inquire into and continue to **develop effective accelerative teaching practices.**

Check what has been agreed to - every step of the way and that everyone has a shared understanding of this...

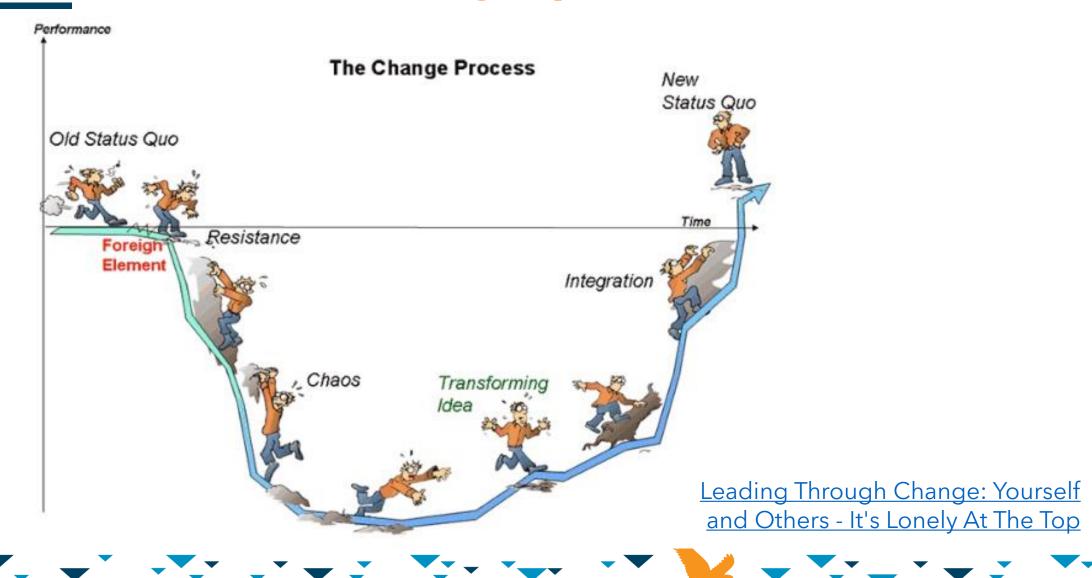
This enables a quick and easy accountability kōrero

- I noticed...
- We agreed to...
 - What might...

Check with your team members... how they would like to be approached should they move away from the agreement...

This enables open, honest körero based on transparency and knowing your teachers...

Understand the change process



Talk about change

Four suggested dimensions for talking about change:

- Identify priorities
- Hold high expectations of teachers' capacity to change and adapt
- Communicate challenges of change
- Evaluate outcomes

Deidre le Fevre, 2010, Changing TACK University of Auckland



Use a change management model

| VISION | ATTAINABLE | SKILLS | INCENTIVES | RESOURCES | ACTION PLAN | MONITORING | © EFFECTIVE |
|----------|-------------------|----------|------------|-----------|-------------|--------------|----------------|
| | OBJECTIVES | | | | | & EVALUATION | CHANGE! 😊 |
| X | ✓ | ~ | ✓ | ~ | ✓ | ✓ | CONFUSION |
| ~ | X | ~ | ✓ | ~ | ✓ | ✓ | DISORIENTATION |
| ~ | ~ | X | ~ | ✓ | ~ | ✓ | ANXIETY |
| ~ | ✓ | ~ | X | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | DRIFT |
| ~ | ✓ | ✓ | ~ | X | ✓ | ✓ | FRUSTRATION |
| ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | X | ✓ | FALSE STARTS |
| ~ | ✓ | ~ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | X | DISCONITUITY |

What story is your data telling, about learner progress and how do teachers hear it?

Whakataukī

He aha te mea nui o te ao? He tāngata, he tāngata, he tāngata

What is the most important thing in the world? It is people, it is people, it is people

How are you ensuring that the need to elevate literacy/numeracy isn't abstract, that it's about your learners?

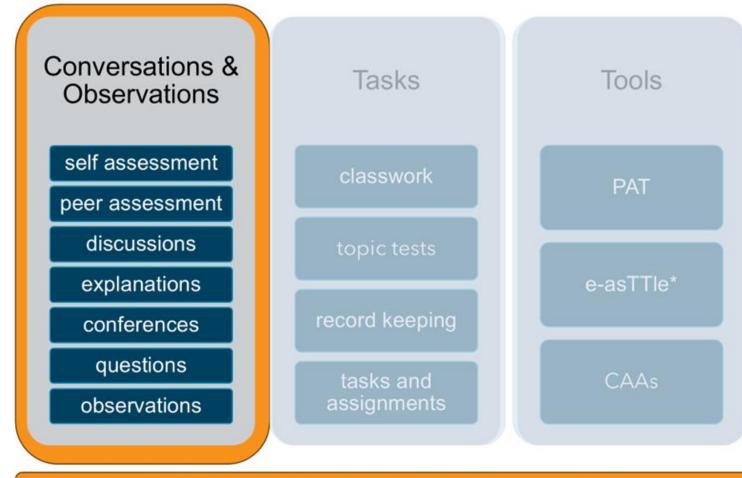
Please take a moment to share some of your deliberate actions in the *chat*.



Use the data to understand their ākonga learning needs



Formative assessment activities



Tacit Knowledge, Exemplars, and Illustrations

Continually Periodically

Use the CAA reports

Unpack to inform next steps

| | | 2025 Numeracy | CAA | | | | | | | |
|---------|------------|---------------|------------------|---------------|---------------------|-------------|----------|-----------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Student | Year level | No Evidence | Minimal Evidence | Weak Evidence | Sufficient Evidence | NCEA L1 Num | | | | |
| Α | 11 | | ✓ | × | | | Cubicat | Tanahan | Dumana tarretad | Data: effectly a |
| В | 11 | | × | | ✓ | YES | Subject: | Teacher: | Purpose: targeted and tailored | Date: after the May CAA |
| С | 11 | | × | ✓ | | | | | support | |
| D | 11 | × | | ✓ | | | _ | | | |
| Е | 11 | | ✓ × | | | | Learner: | Where were they | Where at now | Shift: +ve or -ve |
| F | 11 | | ✓ × | | | | | | | |
| G | 11 | × | | ✓ | | | Reading | | | |
| Н | 11 | | × | | ✓ | YES | | | | |
| 1 | 11 | ✓ | × | | | | Writing | | | |
| J | 11 | | × | ✓ | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | Numeracy | | | |
| k | Key: 区 | 2024 | | | | | | | | |
| | ✓ | 2025 | | | | | | | | |



Use the CAA reports

Learner strengths - taken from the May 2025 CAAs

- Broad competence across practical numeracy domains
- Strengths in procedural fluency across measurement, graph interpretation, and context-based problem-solving
- Demonstrate understanding of ideas and information in written texts
- Clear strengths in purpose, audience, and text features

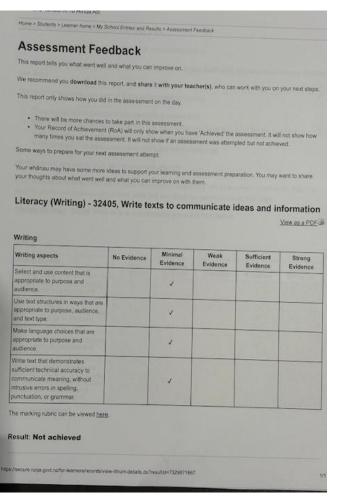
Use the CAA reports

Learner areas for growth - taken from the May 2025 CAAs

- Further practise of deep text engagement and analysis
- Increased use of strategies for navigating unfamiliar texts and words
- Demonstrating understanding of ideas and information
- Development of ideas and improved organisation in their responses
- Continued explicit teaching and development of reading and writing skills

Use individual student CAA reports with ākonga and whānau to co-design ILPs

Enable learners to take some of the responsibility by setting goals along the way!





How are you strategically action planning for Sept CAAs?

Whakataukī

Toitū te kupu, toitū te mana, toitū te whenua

Let the word be enduring, the mana be enduring, the land be enduring

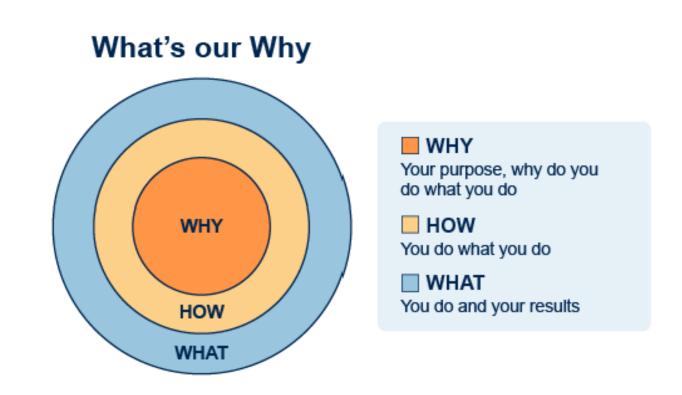
What does action planning look like in your school?

Please take a moment to write the positive aspects of your literacy and numeracy action plan in the *chat*.



Use your well-informed knowledge to make a careful plan

...and take everyone in the same waka and paddling in the same direction



Use an action plan process

Readiness data

Actions in response to data:
Acceleration

Ongoing formative assessment

Monitor outcomes: CAAs/ Alt pathway

TE MANU KA RERE: NCEA targeted support for secondary schools - Responsive Action Planning

| School | Kura: | <u> </u> | |
|--------|-------|----------|--|
| | | | |

This template is designed to be co-constructed using relevant baseline data including previous NCEA literacy and numeracy co-requisite assessment results, <u>ākonga</u> readiness data, and information from the Te Manu Ka <u>Rere</u> self-review and include consideration of other.

Consider the following:

- 1. What were our previous NCEA literacy and numeracy co-requisite assessment results?
- 2. What other relevant baseline data do we have to inform our decision-making process?
- 3. What did our positioning in the Te Manu Ka Rere self-review illuminate about our readiness (Kaiako, Ākonga, and Whānau, Iwi and Community)?

| Focus outcomes | Baseline data | Actions | Responsibility (personnel and timeframe) | Expected outcomes (leaders/ kaiako/ <u>ākonga</u>) |
|----------------|---------------|---------|---|--|
| Year 12 & 13 | | 1. | | |
| | | 2. | | |
| | | 3. | | |
| Year 11 | | 1. | | |
| | | 2. | | |
| | | 3. | | |
| Year 7-10 | | 1. | | |
| | | 2. | | |
| | | 3. | | |

Example of Action Plan for September CAAs

This is very draft and non-specific to any school...The intent of this plan is to share some of my thinking about an implementation and monitoring plan that considers the breadth of any school. This is not a definitive plan that should be used. Feel free to use any ideas from it and customise it to your school. Hope this helps with your planning?

| Example | Wk | 5 Wk6 | Wk7 | Wk8 | Wk9 | Break | Wk 1 | Wk 2 | Wk3 | Wk 4 | Wk 5 | Wk6 | Wk 7 | Wk8 | Wk 9 |
|--|-----|---|--|--|--|-------|---|---|--|--|--|--|---|-------------------|-------------------|
| | 26/ | 5 2/6 | 9/6 | 16/6 | 23/6 | | 14/7 | 21/7 | 28/7 | 4/8 | 11/8 | 18/8 | 25/8 | 1/9 | 8/9 |
| | | | | | Reading results 25/6 | | Writing and numeracy results 14/7 | | | | | | | CAAw1 | CAA wk 2 |
| What/ Who/ How? | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Literacy lead/team | | PLD prep for next week's session | | | Analysis and consideration of results | | Analysis and consideration of results | | | Check in on progress/maybe some observations. | | Focused check- in on students' progress. | | | |
| Numeracy lead/team | | PLD pre for next week's session | | | | | Analysis and consideration of results | | | Check in on progress/maybe some observations. | | For | <u>``</u> | | |
| Senior leadership | | Debrief on May CCA | | | | | Discussion on lit and Num results to inform the action plan | | | | 4 | hi | 1 | | |
| HoD/HoF meeting | | Discussion on the position of Lit and Num focus | | | | | | | Disc | St | a | _ | | | |
| Staff meeting | | | PLD session on lit/num for yr 10 focus for sept | | | | | . 1 | ,UI | | LO session for staff feedback on strategy | | | | |
| Department meeting | | | | Sharing of practice | | | | | 18 18 | | | Discussion of further strategies | | | |
| Pastoral care/Dean's involvement | | PLD prep for next week's session PLD pre for next week's session Debrief on May CCA Discussion on the position of Lit and Num focus Debrief CAA with students Focus on other standards and learning. | Discussion on learning pathways and CAA yr 11 and 12 | | | OC | | about results | | | Conversations with students about Sept CAA | | | | |
| Communication with students | | Debrief CAA with students | | | CO | | | Sharing of results with students | | Assembly discussing NCEA and CAA | | | | | |
| Communication with Whanau/iwi/Family | | | 16 | 69, | 1 | | | Coms home about school results | | | Coms home regarding up and up-and- coming CAA | | | | |
| Logistics/ Gear/ organisation | | ctro | 7 | | | | | | | Start planning the coordination of CAA | | Have all the detail sorted | | CAA assessment | CAA assessment |
| Assessment and data | 38 | | | | | | | | Quick reading test/ maths task for yr 9 and 10 | Writing assessment or sample yr 9 and 10 | | | | | |
| Yr 12 | | Focus on other standards and learning. | Focus on other standards and learning | Focus on other standards and learning | Focus on other standards and learning | | Identification of those that don't have Lit/Num | Focused prep Small group/individual | Focused prep Small group/individual | Focused prep Small group/individual | Focused prep Small group/individual | Focused prep Small group/individual | Focused prep Small group/individual | CAA assessment | CAA assessment |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Yr 11 | | Focus on other standards and learning. | Focus on other standards and learning | Focus on other standards and learning | Focus on other standards and learning | | Identification of those that don't have Lit/Num | Focused prep Small group/individual | Focused prep Small group/individual | Focused prep Small group/individual | Focused prep Small group/individual | Focused prep Small group/individual | Focused prep Small group/individual | CAA assessment | CAA assessment |
| Yr 10 | | Focused work on lit and nun across the curriculum | Focused work on lit and nun across the curriculum | Focused work on lit and nun across the curriculum | Focused work on lit and nun across the curriculum | | | | Identification of readiness | Identification of readiness | Focused prep in class tier 1/2 | Focused prep in class tier 1/2 | Focused prep in class tier 1/2 | CAA assessment | CAA assessment |
| Yr 9 | | Focused work on lit and nun across the | Focused work on lit and nun across the | Focused work on lit and nun across the | Focused work on lit and nun across the | | | | Identification of readiness | Identification of readiness | Focused prep in class tier 1/2 | Focused prep in class tier 1/2 | Focused prep in class tier 1/2 | CAA assessment | CAA assessment |





Seat your possibility thinking in the data

- CAA results
- CAA reports
- Student voice about their CAA experience, including readiness
- Student voice about their learning
- Classroom observation identify strengths and opportunities

Think about key considerations:

- Alignment with Government Priorities
- Community & Staff Engagement
- Vision, Mission, and Values
- SWOT Analysis
- Goals and Objectives (SMART)
- Action Plans
- Monitoring and Evaluation

- Reporting
- Inclusive Practices
- Leadership
- Financial Resources
- Review and Reflection
- Focus on Māori Learners
- Te Tiriti o Waitangi

What are your next steps?

What actions will you commit to?





Accelerating progress - leadership guidance

How might this resource guide your deliberate acts of leadership?

<u>Accelerating progress - Leadership guidance</u>



Checklist for leaders | Planning to accelerate progress

| Discuss each aspect and consider whether they need further review in your school. | On track | Needs review | | | | | | |
|--|-------------|-----------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| To find out more, refer to the Leadership Guidance: Planning and managing to accelerate progress resource on Tāhūrangi. | | | | | | | | |
| Tab 1: Create the conditions to strategically accelerate progress We know our school has created the conditions to accelerate progress when: | | | | | | | | |
| Our school board and leadership set a small number of goals, including a focus on accelerating progress where learners are at risk of underachievement*. | | | | | | | | |
| We foster collective commitment to equity and improvement; there is a sense of urgency to support students to accelerate progress*. | | | | | | | | |
| Leaders and teachers set high expectations for every child's achievement, using the curriculum to build shared understanding of one year's progress. | | | | | | | | |
| We have a shared understanding of the way accelerating progress is managed flexibly through everyday teaching, targeted and tailored teaching responses (multi-layered). | | | | | | | | |
| Our board and leadership collaboratively plan, budget and resource strategically to sustain accelerated progress initiatives. | | | | | | | | |
| Tab 2: Use evidence to identify, track, and monitor targeted support We know our school is using quality evidence and processes to identify, track and monitor supports when: | | | | | | | | |
| We use a systematic, cyclical process of inquiry to regularly identify, plan, and monitor progress at both school and classroom level*. | | | | | | | | |
| We use high quality evidence effectively to understand our school-wide data picture so we can identify priorities for improvement across the school*. | | | | | | | | |
| Leaders support teachers to use quality information (combining standardised and diagnostic assessment with formative observation, conversation, and in-class assessment) to identify where support is needed to respond, and to monitor progress and impact. | | | | | | | | |
| Leaders and teachers can explain the reason for accelerated progress, how to sustain it, and can re-focus on learners who still need support. | | | | | | | | |

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Tab 3: Planning effective teaching approaches to accelerate progress We know our school is planning effective teaching to accelerate progress when: Leaders and teachers know the cultures, languages, needs. strengths, and interests of their learners so they can build on these to support progress. Our teachers design and adapt everyday teaching programmes and practices to meet diverse learning needs, in response to quality information*. Our leaders and teaching teams can confidently plan for and implement effective targeted and tailored teaching supports to meet specific learning needs, in response to quality information. We work in partnership with learners, whanau, iwi, teachers and families to set goals, monitor progress and celebrate success*. Learners know what they must do to make progress and when they have succeeded. Tab 4: Implementing targeted support to accelerate progress We know our school is implementing and sustaining targeted supports when: We routinely lead meetings that prioritise progress and achievement; this is linked to our school goals and targets and integral to our practice. We resource PLD and support professional growth cycles, to build capability in assessment, learning design and teaching practices so we can accelerate progress where needed. * We organise in-school teams to focus deliberately on accelerating progress so we can provide flexible supports when they are needed. We work effectively with our Teacher Aides (where available) to provide targeted support; they are well supported by leadership and have clearly defined roles and responsibilities. We work collaboratively to share information and organise support across our school, Kāhui Ako or cluster*. We work collaboratively with our regional learning support

*Alignment to Leadership dimensions in ERO's School Improvement Framework (2024)



Questions & sharing ideas

Karakia whakamutunga

Tēnei rā te whakairi ake i te kete o te wānanga, Tōna mauri nō runga, nō Rangi, nō raro, nō Papa, Tēnei te mauri o te mātauranga ka whakatakina ake, Kia wātea ai ēnei pūkenga, Hui e, tāiki e!

May we close these discussions of learning, Whose essence is derived from both divine and earthly sources,
The life force of knowledge is reaffirmed to allow this gathering to finish,
Forever bound!



He mea tārai e mātou te mātauranga kia rangatira ai, kia mana taurite ai ōna huanga.

We shape an education system that delivers equitable and excellent outcomes.



